

RMB --- FUNDS ---

RMB Funds

Coverdell Education Savings Account

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PART I – COVERDELL ACCOUNT APPLICATION INSTRUCTIONS

(DO NOT USE THIS KIT TO ESTABLISH A ROTH, SEP, SIMPLE, OR TRADITIONAL IRA)

Certain Definitions:

"**Application Agreement**" or the "agreement" means the following sections of this document which constitute the binding agreement between Depositor and Custodian:

- Part I Coverdell Account Application Instructions ("**Application Instructions**")
- Part II Coverdell Account Disclosure Statement ("**Disclosure Statement**")
- Part III Coverdell Education Savings Account Custodial Agreement ("**Custodial Agreement**")
- Part IV Coverdell Education Savings Account Application and Adoption Agreement Form ("**Application Form**")
- Part V Privacy Policy of the Custodian ("**Privacy Policy**")

"**Code**" means the Internal Revenue Code, as amended.

"**Coverdell Account**" and "**Custodial Account**" each means the Coverdell Education Savings Account established by the Depositor with the Custodian by properly completing and signing the Application Form.

"**Custodian**", "**we**" and "**us**" each means BNY Mellon Investment Servicing Trust Company.

"**Depositor**" means the individual named as Contributor on the Application Form, unless none is named, in which case it means the individual named as the Responsible Individual on the Application Form.

"**Designated Beneficiary**" means the individual named as Designated Beneficiary on the Application Form for whose benefit the Coverdell Account is established.

"**IRS**" means the Internal Revenue Service.

"**Responsible Individual**" means the individual named as the Responsible Individual on the Application Form and who is generally the parent or legal guardian of the Designated Beneficiary.

General Instructions:

Complete and sign the Application Form. Refer to the Disclosure Statement or IRS Publication 970 for eligibility requirements and contribution restrictions.

Contributions may be made to the Coverdell Account for a Designated Beneficiary under the age of 18 by one or more individuals but the total contributions made to all Coverdell ESAs for the Designated Beneficiary cannot exceed \$2,000 for any tax year. This rule does not apply to:

1. Contributions which are qualified rollover contributions, as described in the Code or,
2. Contributions which are the result of a transfer of assets from the custodian or trustee of another Coverdell ESA.

Contributions to the Coverdell Account may be invested in one or more mutual funds pursuant to the Mutual Fund Option. (Please see "Available Options for Your Contributions" in the Disclosure Statement). Prospectuses for the mutual funds available through the Mutual Fund Option (the "**Mutual Funds**") may be obtained by calling 1-800-462-2392.

Before investing in a Mutual Fund, please be sure to read the prospectus for that Mutual Fund carefully. All portions of this Application Agreement are binding, so you are encouraged to read all portions, and in particular the section titled "Available Options for Your Contributions" in the Disclosure Statement, the Custodial Agreement and the section titled "Terms and Conditions" on the signature page of the Application Form.

Please make checks payable to RMB Funds. The minimum initial investment is \$100.

Special Instructions Regarding Transfers and Rollovers:

To establish the Coverdell Account using assets from another Coverdell ESA, follow the general instructions for establishing the Coverdell Account and note where provided on the Application Form that the contribution is a transfer or rollover from another Coverdell ESA.

Assets may be transferred or rolled over to this Coverdell Account from another Coverdell ESA in the name of the Designated Beneficiary or from a Coverdell ESA held by a family member of the Designated Beneficiary (subject to certain restrictions).

- For transfers (directly from the current trustee or custodian), please complete the "Coverdell ESA Transfer of Assets Form."
- For rollovers, please complete the "Coverdell ESA Certification of Rollover Assets". Rollovers must be completed within 60 calendar days of receipt.

Mail the Completed Application to:

First Class Mail:

RMB Funds
P.O. Box 9781
Providence, RI 02940-9781

Overnight Mail:

RMB Funds
4400 Computer Drive
Westborough, MA 01581
1-800-462-2392

PART II - DISCLOSURE STATEMENT

In addition to this Disclosure Statement, the following additional disclosure materials should be read: the Custodial Agreement, the "[Terms and Conditions](#)" on the signature page of the Application Form, and the prospectus applicable to each Mutual Fund in which contributions to the Coverdell Account will be invested.

Provisions below which apply to all Coverdell Education Savings Accounts generally will use the terms "Coverdell ESA". Provisions which apply specifically to the Coverdell Account created by this agreement will use the term "Coverdell Account" or "Custodial Account".

Custodian's Requirements That May Affect Your Account

BNY Mellon Investment Servicing Trust Company ("BNY Mellon", "we", or "us") provides custodial and administrative services for your retirement or savings account. As a result of this role, persons who open a retirement or savings account are considered 'customers' of BNY Mellon ("you" or "your").

To help the U.S. Government fight the funding of terrorism and money laundering activities, Federal law requires the Custodian, as a financial institution, to obtain, verify, and record information that identifies each person who opens an account. All accounts we open are opened on a conditional basis – conditioned on our ability to verify your identity in accordance with Federal law.

When establishing an account, you are required to provide your full legal name, address, government issued identification number (e.g. social security number), date of birth, and other information within your account-opening application that will allow us to identify you. We may also request a copy of your driver's license or other identifying documents and may consult third-party databases to help verify your identity. If the account you are opening will be registered in the name of a beneficiary, trust, or estate or charity we may require additional identifying documentation.

If you fail to provide any requested identifying information or documentation when opening your account, your new account application may be rejected.

If we open your account, and you subsequently fail to provide all identification materials we request or if we are subsequently unable to adequately verify your identity as required by U.S. Government regulations, we reserve the right to take any one or more of the following actions:

- We may place restrictions on your account which block all purchase transactions and we may place additional restrictions on your account blocking other transactional activities if we determine such additional restrictions are appropriate under Federal law or regulation.
- We may close your account, sell (i.e., "liquidate") the assets in your account in the prevailing market at the time, and send you a check representing the cash proceeds of your account. This distribution will be reported to the IRS and may result in unfavorable consequences to you under Federal and state tax laws.

You May Incur Losses. Despite being opened as a conditional account, your account will be invested as you instruct and you will be subject to all market risks during the period between account opening and any liquidation necessitated by your failure to furnish requested identifying information or by an inability to adequately verify your identity. You may also be subject to additional market risks if the additional transactional restrictions discussed in the first bullet above are placed on your account. In addition, the closing of your account may subject you to fees and charges imposed under the terms of the Eligible Assets in which you are invested, and any sales charges you may have paid in connection with your purchases will not be refunded.

You Assume All Responsibility For These Losses. The Custodian expressly disclaims any responsibility or liability for losses you incur as a result of your failure to furnish identification materials we request, including investment losses and any other loss or damage (including but not limited to lost opportunities and adverse tax consequences). If you proceed with the account opening process, you accept all risks of loss resulting from any failure of yours to furnish the identification materials we request or from a subsequent inability to adequately verify your identity in accordance with Federal law.

STATE UNCLAIMED PROPERTY LAW DISCLOSURE

The assets in your Custodial Account are subject to state unclaimed property laws which provide that if no activity occurs in your account within the time period specified by the particular state law, your assets must be transferred to the appropriate state. We are required by law to advise you that your assets may be transferred to an appropriate state in compliance with these state laws.

DISCLOSURES REQUIRED BY IRS REGULATIONS

The following information is the disclosure statement required by IRS regulations.

THE COVERDELL ACCOUNT

The following requirements apply to the Coverdell Account:

1. No contribution can be accepted:
 - a) unless it is in the form of "cash" by check, draft, or other form acceptable to the Custodian;
 - b) after the date on which the Designated Beneficiary attains age 18, unless a "special needs" Designated Beneficiary (as determined by IRS regulations), or
 - c) if such contribution would result in an excess contribution for the Designated Beneficiary (exceeding the \$2,000 annual contribution limit). Assets transferred or rolled over into the Coverdell Account are excluded from the annual contribution limit.
2. The custodian or trustee must be a bank or other entity authorized by the IRS to act as trustee or custodian of an Individual Retirement Account ("IRA").
3. No part may be invested in life insurance contracts.
4. The asset of the account may not be mixed with other property except in a common trust fund or common investment fund.

CONTRIBUTIONS

The maximum contribution to a Designated Beneficiary's Coverdell ESA is \$2,000 for any given tax year. Any contribution made to the Coverdell Account will be treated as a contribution for the year it is received, unless the contribution is made between January 1 and the April 15th postmark deadline and you have identified the contribution as a prior year contribution. For the year in which the Designated Beneficiary reaches age 18, contributions must be made on or before the Designated Beneficiary's 18th birthday, with the exception of a "special needs" Designated Beneficiary. See the section titled "GENERAL QUESTIONS AND ANSWERS" (Q&A #6) for information regarding correcting amounts contributed to Coverdell ESAs in excess of the allowable limit.

ROLLOVER AND TRANSFER CONTRIBUTIONS

Coverdell ESAs may be rolled over or redesignated to another designated beneficiary, who is an eligible family member as defined in Code section 529(e)(2), as long as the new designated beneficiary is under the age of 30. Rollovers must be completed within 60 calendar days of the date of receipt. Only one rollover per Coverdell ESA is allowed during the 12-month period ending on the date of the payment or distribution. Trustee-to-Trustee Transfers are also allowed between Coverdell ESAs registered in the name of the Designated Beneficiary or between an eligible family member of the Designated Beneficiary. For more information see the section titled "GENERAL QUESTIONS AND ANSWERS" (Q&A #24).

AVAILABLE OPTIONS FOR YOUR CONTRIBUTIONS

Subject to any minimum investment requirements, contributions to the Coverdell Account must be allocated to one or more of the Mutual Funds made available in connection with the Coverdell Account.

Mutual Fund Option: An investment in one or more Mutual Funds involves investment risks, including possible loss of principal. In addition, growth in the value of Mutual Funds is neither guaranteed nor protected due to the characteristics of a mutual fund investment. Detailed information about the shares of each Mutual Fund available for investment of the Coverdell Account contributions must be furnished in the form of a prospectus. The method for computing and allocating annual earnings is set forth in the prospectus. (See the section of each prospectus entitled "Dividends.") The prospectus also sets forth the costs and expenses incurred by being invested in a particular Mutual Fund; such costs and expenses reduce any yield from the particular Mutual Fund. (See the section of the prospectus entitled "Expense Table" and the sections referred to therein.) For further information regarding expenses, earnings, and distributions of a particular Mutual Fund, see that Mutual Fund's financial statements, prospectus and/or statement of additional information.

In Article X, Section 13 of the Coverdell Custodial Account Agreement ("Section 13"), which constitutes an important part of the Application Form, you authorize the Custodian to act in its discretion for your benefit in situations where assets in your Custodial Account are liquidated and the Custodian has not received instructions from you in a timely manner regarding the disposition of such proceeds or where the only instructions received from you cannot reasonably or practicably be carried out. For example, a Mutual Fund may take actions which result in that Mutual Fund, or in your investment in that Mutual Fund, being involuntarily liquidated. The Mutual Fund or the prospectus for that Mutual Fund may direct that the proceeds of the liquidation be placed in an asset not available to you under the Application Form or provide solely that the cash or other property resulting from the liquidation be distributed directly to shareholders. If the Custodian does not receive timely instructions from you that it can reasonably and practicably carry out (for example, in-kind property distributed by the Mutual Fund may not be a permissible asset for your Custodial Account), then in Section 13 you authorize the Custodian to exercise its discretion in acting on your behalf, including taking such actions as placing the proceeds in a money market mutual fund, an FDIC-insured bank account or money market account, distributing the proceeds to you or holding the proceeds uninvested. Other examples may exist involving different liquidation circumstances and different restrictions or limitations regarding the disposition of the proceeds. The Custodian expressly disclaims any liability for any action taken or omitted under the authority of Section 13, unless the Internal Revenue Code or regulations implementing the Internal Revenue Code require otherwise.

DISTRIBUTIONS UPON ATTAINING AGE 30 OR DUE TO THE DESIGNATED BENEFICIARY'S DEATH

Any balance in the Coverdell Account on the date the Designated Beneficiary turns 30 years old, or, if earlier, the date of the Designated Beneficiary's death, must be distributed within thirty (30) days of such date. If such distribution has not occurred at the end of the 30-day period, the account balance will be deemed to have been distributed on that date.

A Designated Death Beneficiary may be named for the Coverdell Account. The Designated Death Beneficiary must be an eligible family member as described in the Custodial Agreement and must be under age 30 on the date of the Designated Beneficiary's death in order to receive the account assets. If the Designated Death Beneficiary predeceases the Designated Beneficiary, or the Designated Death Beneficiary attains age 30 before the Designated Beneficiary's death, all assets will be paid to the estate of the Designated Beneficiary. Alternately, a tax free rollover or redesignation of the account to an eligible family member, who is under the age of 30, would still be allowed within the thirty day period following the Designated Beneficiary's death, as defined in the Custodial Agreement. See the section titled "GENERAL QUESTIONS AND ANSWERS" (Q&A #27 and 28.)

TAX INFORMATION REGARDING DISTRIBUTIONS

Distributions used to pay for qualified elementary, secondary, and higher education expenses are excludable from taxable gross income to the extent the amount does not exceed the qualified education expenses of the Designated Beneficiary during the year. The portion of any distribution which exceeds, or is not used for, such expenses is a "nonqualified distribution." Nonqualified distributions are treated as representing a pro-rata share of the principal and accumulated earnings in the account. The accumulated earnings portion of a nonqualified distribution is includible in the taxable gross income of the Designated Beneficiary. The accumulated earnings portion of a nonqualified distribution is generally also subject to an additional 10% tax, unless the distribution is due to the death or disability of the Designated Beneficiary, the receipt of certain scholarship payments by the Designated Beneficiary, or includible in income solely because the HOPE or Lifetime Learning tax credit was elected. For more information see the section titled "GENERAL QUESTIONS AND ANSWERS" (Q&A #21, 22 and 23).

FEES AND CHARGES

The charges in connection with the Coverdell Account are set forth in the Application Form. The Custodian may also charge a service fee in connection with any distribution from the Coverdell Account.

IRS APPROVED FORM

Articles I through IX of the Custodial Agreement are substantially the same as Articles I through IX of IRS Form 5305-EA, the IRS model custodial account form. Certain variations permitted by the IRS are reflected in Article V and VI with certain additional terms added as Article X. Coverdell ESAs established using the Custodial Agreement will meet the requirements of the Code applicable to Coverdell ESAs. However, the IRS has not endorsed the investments permitted under this Coverdell Account. **This Custodial Agreement cannot be used in connection with Roth, SEP, SIMPLE, or Traditional IRAs.**

GENERAL INFORMATION

Coverdell Education Savings Accounts (Coverdell ESAs) were established under the Taxpayer Relief Act effective in 1998. This type of account was originally called an Education Individual Retirement Account and the annual contribution limit per Designated Beneficiary for 1998 through 2001 was \$500. Effective for contributions made for tax year 2002, the annual contribution limit is increased to \$2,000 per Designated Beneficiary. The Economic Growth and Tax Relief Reconciliation Act increased the annual contribution limit, as well as made other important changes that are described in the following questions and answers. Amounts deposited in the account grow tax-free until distributed, and the Designated Beneficiary will not owe tax on any withdrawal from the account if the Designated Beneficiary's qualified education expenses at an eligible educational institution for the year equal or exceed the amount of the withdrawal. If the Designated Beneficiary does not need the money for educational purposes, the account balance can be rolled over to a Coverdell ESA of certain family members who can use it for their education. Amounts withdrawn from a Coverdell ESA that exceed the Designated Beneficiary's qualified education expenses in a taxable year are generally subject to income tax and to an additional tax of 10 percent.

There are potentially three (or more) parties involved in the establishment of, making contributions to, and directing distributions from the account. These parties are referred to in the following questions and answers, and include the:

Depositor: The Depositor is the initial contributor who establishes the Coverdell ESA by executing the Application Form and who contributes the initial contribution. Subsequent contributions to the account may be made by the original Depositor or by other eligible contributors. The Depositor may also be the Designated Beneficiary and/or the Responsible Individual.

Designated Beneficiary: The Designated Beneficiary is the individual for whose benefit the Coverdell ESA is established. Except for "special needs Designated Beneficiaries", no contribution can be made after the Designated Beneficiary's 18th birthday. The Designated Beneficiary may also be the Depositor and/or the Responsible Individual.

Responsible Individual: The Responsible Individual is the individual who generally controls all decisions regarding the account, including authorizing payments from the account. There can be only one Responsible Individual at any time and generally must be a parent or legal guardian of the Designated Beneficiary. However, in certain cases the Designated Beneficiary may automatically become his or her own Responsible Individual. The Responsible Individual may also be the Depositor.

GENERAL QUESTIONS AND ANSWERS

Q1: What is a Coverdell Education Savings Account (Coverdell ESA)?

A1: A Coverdell ESA is a trust or custodial account that is created or organized in the United States exclusively for the purpose of paying the qualified education expenses of the Designated Beneficiary of the account. The account must be designated as a Coverdell ESA when it is created in order to be treated as a Coverdell ESA for tax purposes.

Q2: For whom may a Coverdell ESA be established?

A2: A Coverdell ESA may be established for the benefit of any child under the age of 18. Contributions to a Coverdell ESA are not permitted after the Designated Beneficiary reaches his/her 18th birthday.

Q3: Where may an individual open a Coverdell ESA?

A3: An individual may open a Coverdell ESA with any bank, or other financial institution that has been approved to serve as a nonbank trustee or custodian of an Individual Retirement Account (IRA), and the bank or entity is offering Coverdell ESAs.

Q4: When may a taxpayer start contributing to a Coverdell ESA?

A4: A taxpayer may start making contributions on January 1, 1998, or at any time thereafter.

Q5: How much may be contributed to a Coverdell ESA on behalf of a Designated Beneficiary?

A5: For tax years 1998 through 2001, the maximum contribution limit per year was \$500 in aggregate contributions made for the benefit of any Designated Beneficiary. For tax year 2002 and thereafter, the maximum contribution limit per year is \$2,000 in aggregate contributions made for the benefit of any Designated Beneficiary. Contributions may be made into a single Coverdell ESA or into multiple Coverdell ESAs for the benefit of any one Designated Beneficiary.

Q6: What happens if more than the maximum annual contribution limit is contributed to a Coverdell ESA on behalf of a Designated Beneficiary for a particular calendar year?

A6: Aggregate contributions for the benefit of any one Designated Beneficiary in excess of annual limit for a particular calendar year are treated as excess contributions. If the excess contributions (and any earnings attributable to them) are not withdrawn from the ESA that received the excess contribution by May 31st of the calendar year following the calendar year in which the excess was made, the excess contribution is subject to a 6 percent excise tax for each year the excess amount remains in the account. If the excess contributions (and any earnings) are timely withdrawn, no 6 percent excise tax applies. However, any earnings distributed in such a corrective distribution will be taxable to the Designated Beneficiary, but no 10% additional tax applies to the earnings.

Q7: May contributions other than cash be made to a Coverdell ESA?

A7: No. Coverdell ESAs are permitted to accept contributions made in cash only.

Q8: May contributors take a deduction for contributions made to a Coverdell ESA?

A8: No. Contributions to a Coverdell ESA are not deductible. Therefore, contributions to a Coverdell ESA create "basis" in the account. This means that any distributions that are not used for qualified education expenses are taxable only with respect to any earnings on the contributions.

Q9: Are there any restrictions on who can contribute to a Coverdell ESA?

A9: Any individual may contribute to a Coverdell ESA if the individual's modified adjusted gross income for the taxable year for which the contribution is made is no more than \$95,000 (\$190,000 for married taxpayers filing jointly). For purposes of this section, "modified AGI" means the AGI of the taxpayer for the taxable year increased by amounts excluded from gross income under sections 911 (foreign earned income); 931 (income from Guam, American Samoa, or

Northern Mariana Islands); and 933 (income from Puerto Rico). The maximum annual contribution per Designated Beneficiary is gradually reduced for individuals with modified adjusted gross income between \$95,000 and \$110,000 (between \$190,000 and \$220,000 for married taxpayers filing jointly).

For example, an unmarried taxpayer with modified adjusted gross income of \$96,500 could make a maximum contribution for the year per Designated Beneficiary of \$1,800 ($\$110,000 - \$96,500 \times .1333 = \$1,800$). A married individual filing jointly with modified adjusted gross income of \$215,000 could make a maximum contribution for the year per Designated Beneficiary of \$350 ($\$220,000 - \$215,000 \times .07 = \350). Taxpayers with modified adjusted gross income above \$110,000 (\$220,000 for married taxpayers filing jointly) cannot make contributions to anyone's Coverdell ESA.

Q10: May a Designated Beneficiary contribute to his/her own Coverdell ESA?

A10: Yes.

Q11: Does a taxpayer have to be related to the Designated Beneficiary in order to contribute to the Designated Beneficiary's Coverdell ESA?

A11: No.

Q12: Can entities make contributions to the Designated Beneficiary's Coverdell ESA?

A12: Yes. Any entity can make contributions to the Designated Beneficiary's Coverdell ESA without regard to such entity's adjusted gross income. For example, Century Computer Services, Inc. decides to make Coverdell ESA contributions on behalf of any child under the age of 18 of their employees in the amount of \$500. Century Computer Services, Inc. qualifies as a contributor regardless of the company's adjusted gross income, but the company cannot take a deduction for such contributions. Also, other contributions up to \$1,500 could be made into the same Coverdell ESA or another Coverdell ESA on behalf of any one of these employees' children.

Q13: Is the contributor to a Coverdell ESA required to have compensation or earned income in order to make contributions?

A13: No. The contributor (whether an individual or an entity) is not required to have earned income or compensation.

Q14: What is the deadline for making contributions to a Coverdell ESA for a particular tax year?

A14: Beginning for contributions made for tax year 2002, the deadline to make contributions is the tax filing deadline for such year not including extensions. Thus, in most cases, the deadline to make contributions for a tax year is the following April 15th. The contributor should designate in writing to the trustee or custodian the tax year for which the contribution is being made.

Q15: Are there any special reporting requirements for a Coverdell ESA?

A15: Yes. The trustee or custodian will issue an annual Form 5498-ESA to the IRS and to the Designated Beneficiary reporting contributions made for the tax year, and any rollover contributions or transfers received during the tax year. The trustee or custodian will also issue Form 1099-Q to the IRS and to the Designated Beneficiary whenever distributions or transfers are paid from the account. The Designated Beneficiary is responsible for determining whether or not a distribution is taxable and to file Form 5329 with the IRS if excess contributions have been made to the account or if distributions were made that exceed the qualified education expenses for the year. If a rollover or transfer is made from the Coverdell ESA of one Designated Beneficiary to another eligible family member of the Designated Beneficiary, certain statements must be attached to the tax returns of both the original Designated Beneficiary and the eligible family member to which the account was rolled over or transferred (see Form 1040 instructions). Taxable distributions from a Coverdell ESA are included in gross income on the "Other Income" line of Form 1040. The trustee or custodian is not required to report the taxable amount of any distribution from the ESA, except for earnings that are distributed on a returned contribution. The Designated Beneficiary will use the worksheet in IRS Publication 970 to figure the earnings, basis and taxable amount of any ESA distributions.

Q16: How many Coverdell ESAs may a Designated Beneficiary have?

A16: There is no limit on the number of Coverdell ESAs that may be established for a particular Designated Beneficiary. However, for any given taxable year the total aggregate contributions to all the accounts for a particular Designated Beneficiary may not exceed the annual contribution limit described in Q&A 5.

Q17: May a Designated Beneficiary take a tax-free withdrawal from a Coverdell ESA to pay qualified education expenses if the Designated Beneficiary is enrolled less than full-time at an eligible educational institution?

A17: Yes. Whether the Designated Beneficiary is enrolled full-time, half-time, or less than half-time, he/she may take a tax-free withdrawal to pay qualified education expenses.

Q18: What happens when a Designated Beneficiary withdraws assets from a Coverdell ESA to pay for qualified education expenses?

A18: Generally, the withdrawal is tax-free to the Designated Beneficiary to the extent the amount of the withdrawal does not exceed the Designated Beneficiary's qualified education expenses.

Q19: What are "qualified education expenses"?

A19: "Qualified education expenses" mean qualified higher education expenses for tuition, fees, books, supplies, and equipment required for the enrollment or attendance of the Designated Beneficiary at an eligible educational institution. Qualified higher education expenses also include room and board (generally the school's posted room and board charge, or \$2,500 per year for students living off-campus and not at home) if the Designated Beneficiary is at least a half-time student at an eligible educational institution. A student will be considered to be enrolled at least half-time if the student is enrolled for at least half the full-time academic workload for the course of study the student is pursuing as determined under the standards of the institution where the student is enrolled.

The standards for determining whether a student is enrolled at least half-time are the same as those used for the Hope Scholarship Credit. A student is eligible for the Hope Scholarship Credit if: (1) for at least one academic period (e.g., semester, trimester, quarter) beginning during the calendar year, the student is enrolled at least half-time in a program leading to a degree, certificate, or other recognized educational credential and is enrolled in one of the first two years of postsecondary education, and (2) the student is free of any conviction for a Federal or State felony offense consisting of the possession or distribution of a controlled substance. For purposes of the Hope Scholarship Credit, a student will be considered to be enrolled at least half-time if the student is enrolled for at least half the full-time academic workload for the course of study the student is pursuing as determined under the standards of the institution where the student is enrolled. The institution's standard for a full-time workload must equal or exceed the standards established by the Department of Education under Higher Education Act and set forth in 34 CFR 674.2(b).

Beginning in 2002, qualified education expenses also include qualified elementary and secondary education expenses for tuition, fees, academic tutoring, special needs services in the case of a special needs beneficiary, books, supplies, and other equipment which are incurred in connection with the enrollment or attendance of the Designated Beneficiary as an elementary or secondary school student at a public, private or religious school. Such expenses also include room and board, uniforms, transportation, and supplementary items and services (including extended day programs) which are required or provided by a public, private or religious school in connection with such enrollment or attendance, and expenses for the purchase of any computer technology or equipment or Internet access and related services, if such technology, equipment, or services are to be used by the Designated Beneficiary and the Designated Beneficiary's family during any of the years the Designated Beneficiary is in school.

Qualified education expenses also include amounts contributed to a qualified state tuition program. Also, qualified education expenses are reduced by any amount provided by scholarship, educational assistance allowance, or any other payment (other than a gift or bequest) which is excludable from gross income under any law of the United States.

Q20: What is an eligible educational institution?

A20: For purposes of qualified higher education expenses, an eligible educational institution is any college, university, vocational school, or other postsecondary educational institution that is described in section 481 of the Higher Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 1088) and, therefore, eligible to participate in the student aid programs administered by the Department of Education. This category includes virtually all accredited public, nonprofit, and proprietary postsecondary institutions. (The same eligibility requirements for institutions apply for the Hope Scholarship Credit, the Lifetime Learning Credit, and early withdrawals from IRAs for qualified higher education expenses).

For purposes of elementary and secondary education expenses, an eligible education institution means any school which provides elementary education or secondary education (kindergarten through grade 12), as determined under state law.

Q21: What happens if a Designated Beneficiary withdraws an amount from a Coverdell ESA but does not have any qualified education expenses to pay in the taxable year he/she makes the withdrawal?

A21: Generally, if a Designated Beneficiary withdraws an amount from a Coverdell ESA and does not have any qualified education expenses during the taxable year, a portion of the distribution is taxable. The taxable portion is the portion that represents earnings that have accumulated tax-free in the account. The taxable portion of the distribution is also subject to a 10 percent additional tax unless an exception applies. Form 5329 is required to be filed with the IRS by the Designated Beneficiary. The 10 percent additional tax does not apply to distributions made: (1) to a death beneficiary (or to the estate of the Designated Beneficiary) after the death of the Designated Beneficiary; (2) attributable to the Designated Beneficiary becoming disabled within the meaning of section 72(m)(7) of the Internal Revenue Code; or (3) made on account of a scholarship, allowance or payment to the extent such payment or distribution does not exceed the amount of such scholarship, allowance or payment.

Q22: Is a distribution from a Coverdell ESA taxable if the distribution is contributed to another Coverdell ESA?

A22: Any amount distributed from a Coverdell ESA and rolled over to another Coverdell ESA for the benefit of the same Designated Beneficiary or certain members of the Designated Beneficiary's family is not taxable. An amount is rolled over if it is paid to another Coverdell ESA on a date within 60 days after the date of the distribution. Members of the Designated Beneficiary's family include the Designated Beneficiary's spouse, children, grandchildren, sibling, parent, niece or nephew, son-in-law, daughter-in-law, father-in-law, mother-in-law, or sister-in-law, and the spouse of any such individual. A first cousin, but not his or her spouse is also an eligible family member of the Designated Beneficiary. The annual contribution limit to Coverdell ESAs does not apply to these rollover contributions. For example, an older brother who has \$5,000 left in his Coverdell ESA after he no longer needs the account for education purposes can roll over the full \$5,000 balance to a Coverdell ESA for his younger sister who is still in high school without paying any tax on the transfer or rollover. The eligible family member to whose Coverdell ESA such amount is rolled over or transferred must be under the age of 30. Only one rollover between Coverdell ESAs is permitted during a 12-month period.

Q23: What happens to the assets remaining in a Coverdell ESA after the Designated Beneficiary finishes his/her education?

A23: There are two options. The amount remaining in the account may be withdrawn for the Designated Beneficiary. The Designated Beneficiary will be subject to both income tax and the additional 10 percent tax on the portion of the amount withdrawn that represents earnings if the Designated Beneficiary does not have any qualified education expenses in the same taxable year he/she makes the withdrawal. Alternatively, if the amount in the Designated Beneficiary's Coverdell ESA is withdrawn and rolled over (or transferred) to another Coverdell ESA for the benefit of an eligible member of the Designated Beneficiary's family, the amount rolled over or transferred will not be taxable.

Q24: Rather than rolling over money from one Coverdell ESA to another, may the Designated Beneficiary of the account be changed from one Designated Beneficiary to another without triggering a tax?

A24: Yes, provided: (1) the terms of the particular trust or custodial account permit a change in Designated Beneficiaries, and (2) the new Designated Beneficiary has not attained age 30 and is a member of the previous Designated Beneficiary's family.

Q25: May a student or the student's parents claim the Hope Scholarship Credit or Lifetime Learning Credit for the student's expenses in a taxable year in which the student receives money from a Coverdell ESA on a tax-free basis?

A25: Yes, effective for tax year 2002. If a student is receiving a tax-free distribution from a Coverdell ESA in a particular taxable year (beginning in 2002), the student's expenses may generally be claimed as the basis for a Hope Scholarship Credit or Lifetime Learning Credit for that same year, provided however that the distributed amount from the Coverdell ESA is not used for the same educational purposes as the tax credit.

Q26: May contributions be made to both a qualified state tuition program and a Coverdell ESA on behalf of the same Designated Beneficiary in the same taxable year?

A26: Yes, beginning in tax year 2002. The excise tax prohibiting contributions to both a Coverdell ESA and a qualified state tuition program was repealed for 2002 and forward. Therefore, contributions may be made to a Coverdell ESA on behalf of a Designated Beneficiary during the same taxable year in which any contributions are made to a qualified state tuition program on behalf of the same Designated Beneficiary. However, if distributions from a Coverdell ESA and a qualified state tuition program exceed the Designated Beneficiary's qualified education expenses for the year, the Designated Beneficiary is required to allocate the expenses between the distributions to determine the amount includible in gross income, if any.

Q27: What happens to the assets remaining in the Coverdell ESA after the death of the Designated Beneficiary?

A27: Generally within 30 days after the death of the Designated Beneficiary, distribution is made to the Designated Beneficiary's estate; or the Responsible Individual may change the name of the Designated Beneficiary to an eligible family member under the age of 30 of the original Designated Beneficiary, if the agreement permits. Alternatively, if the agreement permits the naming of a Designated Death Beneficiary, any remaining balance in the account on the date of death of the Designated Beneficiary shall become payable to such Designated Death Beneficiary. If the Designated Death Beneficiary is not an eligible family member of the Designated Beneficiary, the entire balance must be distributed within 30 days of the death of the Designated Beneficiary. If the Designated Death Beneficiary is an eligible family member of the Designated Beneficiary, the entire balance may be rolled over or transferred tax free to a Coverdell ESA on behalf of such Designated Death Beneficiary. Any distributions paid after the date of death of the Designated Beneficiary are taxable to the extent such distribution represents earnings, unless the account is rolled over or transferred to a Coverdell ESA on behalf of an eligible family member of the Designated Beneficiary.

Q28: What happens to the assets remaining in the Coverdell ESA after the Designated Beneficiary attains the age of 30?

A28: Any balance remaining in the Coverdell ESA when the Designated Beneficiary attains the age of 30 must be distributed to such Designated Beneficiary within 30 days. However, if permitted under the agreement, the remaining balance may be rolled over or transferred to a Coverdell ESA on behalf of an eligible family member.

Q29: Do the age requirements described above apply to "special needs" Designated Beneficiaries?

A29: No. A Coverdell ESA established on behalf of any Designated Beneficiary with special needs (as determined by IRS regulations) may continue to receive contributions after the Designated Beneficiary's 18th birthday. In addition, any remaining balance in a Coverdell ESA on behalf of any Designated Beneficiary with special needs is not required to be distributed within 30 days after the Designated Beneficiary attains the age of 30.

Q30: Does the Internal Revenue Service provide a publication that contains more information on Coverdell ESAs?

A30: Yes. IRS Publication 970, Tax Benefits for Higher Education, contains information regarding the Coverdell ESA, as well as claiming the Hope Credit, Lifetime Learning Credit, student loans, penalty-free withdrawals from IRAs for certain education expenses, employer-provided educational assistance and qualified state tuition programs. The Custodian recommends that the Depositor, Designated Beneficiary and/or Responsible Individual read Publication 970 before making contributions to or taking distributions from a Coverdell ESA. Publication 970 can be downloaded from the IRS web site at www.irs.gov.

Q31: Can payments received from a military death gratuity or a payment from Servicemember's Group Life Insurance (SGLI) be contributed to a Coverdell ESA?

A.31: Yes, if you received a military death gratuity or a payment from the SGLI after October 6, 2001, you may roll over all or part of the amount received to one or more Coverdell ESAs for the benefit of members of the beneficiary's family. Such payments are made to an eligible survivor upon the death of a member of the armed forces. The contribution to a Coverdell ESA from survivor benefits received after June 16, 2008, cannot be made later than 1 year after the date on which you receive the gratuity or SGLI payment. If you received survivor benefits before June 17, 2008, with respect to a death from injury occurring after October 6, 2001, you could have contributed to a Coverdell ESA no later than June 17, 2009. The amount contributed from the survivor benefits is treated as part of your basis in the Coverdell ESA and will not be taxed when distributed. Also, the one rollover per Coverdell ESA during a 12-month period does not apply to a military death gratuity or SGLI payment.

PART III

Coverdell Education Savings Account Custodial Agreement

(Under Section 530 of the Internal Revenue Code) (October 2010) Form 5305-EA

The Depositor is the individual designated on the Application Form as the Contributor, or, if no Contributor is designated, the Depositor is the individual designated on the Application Form as the Responsible Individual. The Depositor is establishing a Coverdell Education Savings Account under section 530 of the Code for the benefit of the Designated Beneficiary exclusively to pay for qualified elementary, secondary, and higher education expenses, within the meaning of section 530(b)(2) of the Code, of such Designated Beneficiary.

The Custodian has given the Depositor the disclosure statement required under section 1.408-6 of the IRS regulations.

The depositor and the Custodian make the following agreement:

Article I

The Custodian may accept additional cash contributions provided the Designated Beneficiary has not attained the age of 18 as of the date such contributions are made. Contributions by an Individual contributor may be made for the tax year of the Designated Beneficiary by the due date of the Beneficiary's tax return for that year (excluding extensions). Total contributions that are not rollover contributions described in section 530(d)(5) are limited to \$2,000 for the tax year. In the case of an Individual contributor, the \$2,000 limitation for any year is phased out between modified adjusted gross income (AGI) of \$95,000 and \$110,000. For married Individuals filing jointly, the phase-out occurs between modified AGI of \$190,000 and \$220,000. Modified AGI is defined in section 530(c)(2).

Article II

No part of the Custodial Account funds may be invested in life insurance contracts, nor may the assets of the Custodial Account be commingled with other property except in a common trust fund or a common investment fund (within the meaning of section 530(b)(1)(D)).

Article III

1. Any balance to the credit of the Designated Beneficiary on the date on which he or she attains age 30 shall be distributed to him or her within 30 days of such date.
2. Any balance to the credit of the Designated Beneficiary shall be distributed within 30 days of his or her death unless the Designated Death Beneficiary is a family member of the Designated Beneficiary and is under the age of 30 on the date of death. In such case, that family member shall become the Designated Beneficiary as of the date of death.

Article IV

The Depositor shall have the power to direct the Custodian regarding the investment of the Initial Contribution (and earnings thereon). The Responsible Individual, however, shall have the power to redirect the Custodian regarding the investment of such amounts, as well as the power to direct the Custodian regarding the investment of all additional contributions (including earnings thereon) to the Custodial Account. In the event that the Responsible Individual does not direct the Custodian regarding the investment of additional contributions (including earnings thereon), the initial investment direction of the Depositor also will govern all additional contributions made to the Custodial Account until such time as the Responsible Individual otherwise directs the Custodian. Unless otherwise provided in this agreement, the Responsible Individual also shall have the power to direct the Custodian regarding the administration, management, and distribution of the account.

Article V

1. The "Responsible Individual" named by the Depositor shall be a parent or guardian of the Designated Beneficiary. The Custodial Account shall have only one Responsible Individual at any time. If the Responsible Individual becomes incapacitated or dies while the Designated Beneficiary is a minor under state law, the successor Responsible Individual shall be the person named to succeed in that capacity by the preceding Responsible Individual in a witnessed writing or, if no successor is so named, the successor Responsible Individual shall be the Designated Beneficiary's other parent or successor guardian. Unless otherwise directed by checking the option (if available) in the Application Form, on the date that the Designated Beneficiary attains the age of majority under state law, the Designated Beneficiary will automatically become, in addition to Designated Beneficiary the Responsible Individual and will then and thereafter, with respect to the Custodial Account, be entitled to exercise all rights and privileges of the Responsible Individual under law and the Application Agreement. If a family member under the age of majority under state law becomes the Designated Beneficiary by reason of being a Designated Death Beneficiary, the Responsible Individual must be one of the Designated Death Beneficiary's parents or guardians.
2. **Under this agreement, the Responsible Individual shall not continue to serve as the Responsible Individual for the Custodial Account after the Designated Beneficiary attains the age of majority under state law and until such time as all assets have been distributed from the Custodial Account and the Custodial Account terminates. If the Responsible Individual becomes incapacitated or dies after the Designated Beneficiary reaches the age of majority under state law, the Responsible Individual shall be the Designated Beneficiary.**

Article VI

Under this agreement, the Responsible Individual may change the Designated Beneficiary to another member of the Designated Beneficiary's family, as described in and subject to Section 529(e)(2) of the Code, in accordance with the Custodian's procedures.

Article VII

1. The Depositor agrees to provide the Custodian with all information necessary to prepare any reports required by section 530(h).
2. The Custodian agrees to submit to the Internal Revenue Service (IRS) and Responsible Individual the reports prescribed by the IRS.

Article VIII

Notwithstanding any other articles, which may be added or incorporated, the provisions of Articles I through III will be controlling. Any additional articles inconsistent with section 530 and the related IRS regulations will be invalid.

Article IX

This agreement will be amended as necessary to comply with the provisions of the Code and the related IRS regulations. Other amendments may be made with the consent of the Depositor and Custodian whose signatures appear on the Coverdell ESA Application and Adoption Agreement Form.

Article X

1. **Eligible Assets:** Monies in the Custodial Account (including earnings) may be invested solely in assets permissible under the Code which have been designated by the Custodian as eligible for investment ("**Eligible Assets**") by the Custodial Account. The purchase price of each Eligible Asset will be determined in accordance with the market applicable to the particular Eligible Asset purchased. The Custodian may change the assets eligible for investment by the Custodial Account at any time in its reasonable discretion, including for purpose of clarification changes which delete from eligibility assets previously eligible for investment ("**Ineligible Assets**"). The Custodian is authorized to take such actions with respect to Ineligible Assets in the Custodial Account as it in its reasonable discretion determines to be appropriate after providing reasonable notice to the Responsible Individual, to the extent permitted by applicable law and regulation, including without limitation investing income earned on Ineligible Assets in Eligible Assets, exchanging Ineligible Assets for Eligible Assets, transferring monies represented by the Ineligible Assets to Eligible Assets and liquidating the Ineligible Assets and placing the cash proceeds of the liquidation in an FDIC-insured bank account, a money market mutual fund account or other appropriate account or holding the cash uninvested pending receipt of instructions from the Responsible Individual.
2. **Investment Directions:** The Custodian will comply with the investment directions given by the Depositor with respect to the contribution made to the Custodial Account in connection with the opening of the Custodial Account (whether the Depositor is the Responsible Individual or a separate person) ("**Initial Contribution**"). The Custodian will comply with the investment directions given by any subsequent contributor to the Custodial Account with respect to the contribution made by that contributor. At all times after the date of a contribution, the Custodian will comply with the investment directions of the Responsible Individual with respect to all contributions in the Custodial Account. Any contributions received by the Custodian under this Agreement for which the Custodian does not contemporaneously receive investment directions may, at the sole discretion of the Custodian, be returned to the contributor, be held uninvested until investment direction is received from the contributor, in either case without such funds being deemed contributed to the Custodial Account, or be invested in accordance with the last investment directions given to the Custodian by the Responsible Individual, or, if no such investment directions have been given and the Depositor was not the same person as the Responsible Individual, then in accordance with the investment directions given by the Depositor with respect to the Initial Contribution.
3. **Applicable Law:** Except to the extent superseded by federal law, this Agreement shall be governed by, and construed, administered and enforced according to, the laws of the State of Delaware, without regard to any conflict of laws provisions which would apply the law of any other jurisdiction, and all contributions shall be deemed made in Delaware.
4. **Notices:** The Custodian agrees to forward, or to cause to be forwarded, to the individual who is the Responsible Individual (i) the then-current prospectus, if any, applicable to each Eligible Asset held in the Custodial Account, and (ii) any notices, proxies and proxy soliciting materials received by it with respect to Eligible Assets held in the Custodial Account. The Designated Beneficiary shall be the beneficial owner of all Eligible Assets held in the Custodial Account, and the Custodian shall not vote any such shares except upon written direction of the Responsible Individual.
5. **Annual Accounting:** The Custodian shall, at least annually, provide the Responsible Individual with an accounting of the Coverdell Account. Such accounting shall be deemed to be accepted by the Responsible Individual if the Responsible Individual does not object in writing within 60 days after the mailing of such accounting.
6. **Amendment:** Without in any way limiting Article IX but nevertheless notwithstanding Article IX, the Responsible Individual hereby irrevocably delegates to the Custodian the right and power, and hereby irrevocably authorizes the Custodian, to amend at any time and from time to time the terms and provisions of this Agreement and hereby consents to any such amendments, provided the amendment does not violate any applicable provision of the Code or the IRS regulations thereunder or any other law or governmental regulation or ruling. Each such amendment shall be effective when the notice of such amendment is mailed to the address of the Responsible Individual indicated by the Custodian's records, or such other date as may be indicated in the notice. In the event the Responsible Individual objects to any such amendment, the Responsible Individual's sole remedy is to terminate the Custodial Account and request a complete distribution of assets in the Custodial Account.
7. **Resignation and Removal of Custodian:**
 - (a) The Custodian may resign at any time by appointing a successor trustee or custodian ("**Successor Custodian**") to serve under this agreement or under another governing instrument selected by the successor trustee or custodian ("**Successor Agreement**") and by sending notification of its resignation and the appointment of the Successor Custodian no less than thirty (30) days in advance of the effective date of the resignation and including with the resignation notice a copy of the Successor Agreement, if applicable, and any related disclosure materials. If the Responsible Individual does not on or before the effective date of the resignation request a liquidation and distribution of all investments in the Custodial Account or designate a different successor trustee or custodian, the Custodian is authorized and directed to liquidate all holdings of the Custodial Account and transfer the cash liquidation proceeds to the Successor Custodian subject to all terms of any Successor Agreement, and no executed written instrument of any Account Party of any nature shall be required to effect such transfer. The Successor Custodian may rely on any information, including death beneficiary designations, previously provided to the Custodian.
 - (b) The Responsible Individual may at any time, at the sole cost and expense of the Custodial Account, remove the Custodian and replace the Custodian with a successor trustee or custodian designated by the Responsible Individual by giving 30 days advance written notice to the Custodian. In such event, the Custodian shall liquidate all holdings of the Custodial Account and transfer the cash liquidation proceeds to the Successor Custodian in accordance with standard industry practices, including the receipt of all appropriate signed documentation, and otherwise as reasonably directed by the Responsible Individual. However, the Custodian may retain a portion of the assets of the Custodial Account as a reserve for payment of any anticipated remaining fees and expenses, and shall pay over any remainder of this reserve to the successor trustee or custodian upon satisfaction of such fees and expenses. The Custodian may decline to act under this provision if any course of conduct requested of the Custodian by the Responsible Individual could reasonably be interpreted to be a violation of any law or regulation.
 - (c) Any successor trustee or custodian shall be a bank (as defined in section 408(n) of the Code) or such other person found qualified to act as a trustee or custodian under a Coverdell ESA by the Secretary of the U.S. Treasury or his delegate. The appointment of a successor trustee or custodian shall be effective upon receipt by the Custodian of such successor's written acceptance, which shall be submitted at a minimum to the Custodian. Within 30 days of the effective date of such successor's appointment, the Custodian shall transfer and deliver to the successor applicable account records and assets of the Custodial Account (reduced by any unpaid amounts referred to in paragraph 7(b) of this Article X).

The successor Custodian shall be subject to the provisions of this Agreement (or any successor thereto) on the effective date of its appointment.

8. Custodian's Fees and Expenses:

- (a) The Custodian shall be entitled to receive any and all reasonable fees specified in the Custodian's current published fee schedule for establishing and maintaining the Custodial Account, including, but not limited to, any fees for distributions from, transfers from, and terminations of the Custodial Account ("**Fees**"). The Custodian may change its fee schedule at any time by giving the Responsible Individual 30 days prior written notice.
- (b) The Custodian shall be entitled to reimbursement for any reasonable expenses incurred by the Custodian in the performance of its duties in connection with the Custodial Account, including without limitation administrative expenses, such as legal and accounting fees, expenses incurred in connection with the proceeding described in subsection (d) below, and any taxes of any kind whatsoever that may be levied or assessed with respect to such account ("**Reimbursable Expenses**").
- (c) The Custodian may deduct from the Custodial Account and any contributions to and distributions from the Custodial Account, and transfer to its own account, amounts equal to the Fees and Reimbursable Expenses it is entitled to receive if such amounts are not paid by the Depositor, the Designated Beneficiary or the Responsible Individual. The Depositor, Designated Beneficiary and Responsible Individual shall remain responsible for any Fees and Reimbursable Expenses the Custodian is not able to recover from such sources.
- (d) In the event that for any reason the Custodian is not certain as to who is entitled to receive all or part of the proceeds of the Custodial Account, the Custodian reserves the right to withhold any payment from the Custodial Account, to request a court ruling to determine the disposition of such proceeds.

9. Rollovers: The Custodian is authorized to accept rollover contributions as described in Article I of this Custodial Agreement. The Custodian reserves the right to refuse any such rollover contribution which is not (i) in the form of cash, or (ii) accompanied by all records and other documentation the Custodian reasonably determines appropriate to establish the nature, value and extent of the assets and interests therein.

10. Withdrawal Requests: The Custodian may act in accordance with requests for withdrawal, distribution, or payment from the Custodial Account ("**Withdrawal Request**") if (i) the Withdrawal Request is submitted in good order on a form designated by the Custodian, and (ii) the Custodian is furnished with all certificates, tax waivers, signature guarantees, and other documents (including proof of any legal representative's authority) in good order it may determine to be appropriate. The Custodian will comply with the method and form of payment designated to the extent reasonable and practicable but may in its sole discretion effect all withdrawals, distributions and payments in cash (by check or other cash transfer method).

11. Limitations on Custodian's Liabilities and Responsibilities:

- (a) The Custodian shall have no liability or responsibility whatsoever for:
 - (i) any incomplete or inaccurate information provided by an Account Party;
 - (ii) any tax consequences arising from contributions to or withdrawals from the Custodial Account, from any failures to make contributions to or withdrawals from the Custodial Account, or from any activity or conduct engaged in by the Custodian, regardless of whether effected pursuant to instructions received from an Account Party or pursuant to authority granted by the Application Agreement;
 - (iii) acting in accordance with or reliance on any such instructions, statement or communication, including without limitation in connection with a Withdrawal Request, which appears on its face to be genuine and given by a proper Account Party or for declining to act pursuant to any such instruction, statement or communication not appearing on its face to be genuine or given by an Account Party entitled to give the instruction, statement or communication;
 - (iv) conducting any inquiry to the genuineness or lack thereof of any instruction or communication received from an Account Party;
 - (v) compliance with contribution limits imposed by the Code or IRS regulations;
 - (vi) acting with respect to a matter in reliance on the most recent relevant information furnished by an Account Party as reflected in the records or files of the Custodial Account;
 - (vii) any losses, damages, penalties, fines, costs, expenses or other consequences of whatsoever nature whether or not foreseeable incurred by an Account Party in connection with the Custodial Account or any course of conduct by the Custodian;
 - (viii) reasonably acting on oral instructions, statements or communications from an Account Party;
 - (ix) the collection or propriety of any contribution, rollover or transfer to the Custodial Account;
 - (x) the investment of funds in the Custodial Account, including any funds held uninvested; or
 - (xi) the suitability of any investment selected by an Account Party for the Custodial Account.
- (b) The Custodian expressly disclaims any and all fiduciary responsibilities and duties and any duty or obligation to furnish tax, legal or investment advice, counseling or directions, and none of the foregoing shall be implied. Depositor acknowledges that Custodian has not given any tax, legal or investment advice, counseling or directions.
- (c) Any course of conduct engaged in by the Custodian with third parties pursuant to the Application Agreement is engaged in as agent.

12. Indemnification by Account Parties. Each Account Party and his or her respective successors, heirs and assigns, including any executor or administrator of a beneficiary, shall, to the extent permitted by law, indemnify and hold the Custodian and the Sponsor and their successors and assigns harmless from any and all claims, actions or liabilities arising in connection with activities and duties contemplated by the Custodial Agreement, except those arising from the negligence, recklessness or intentional misconduct of, as applicable, the Custodian or Sponsor.

13. Fund Liquidation and Other Events Permitting Custodian Exercise of Administrative Discretion. In the event any asset or property held in the Custodial Account (or any asset or property previously subject to the operation of this section and administered by the Custodian) is redeemed or liquidated, matures, or is otherwise

converted to cash or other property (a "Liquidation") for any reason or under any circumstances and the Custodian does not receive timely instructions designating what it should do with the proceeds of such Liquidation (the "Proceeds") from any person lawfully entitled to give instructions with respect to the Custodial Account, including without limitation the registered owner of the Custodial Account ("Owner") and successors and representatives of the Owner, including beneficiaries, heirs, executors, and administrators, or other proper persons or entities, or instructions are received but they cannot reasonably or practically be carried out as given or are ambiguous or unclear, the Owner expressly directs and authorizes the Custodian to take "Any Reasonable Course Of Conduct". "Any Reasonable Course Of Conduct" is hereby defined to mean a course of conduct that the Custodian determines to be reasonable under the circumstances -- this course of conduct may include any one or more of the following, but it is not limited to the following: (i) depositing Proceeds in an FDIC-insured bank account or any other account, or using Proceeds to purchase shares of a money market mutual fund or any other asset or property, (ii) distributing Proceeds to persons the Custodian reasonably determines to be lawfully entitled to distributions from the Custodial Account, (iii) holding Proceeds uninvested in a general account of the Custodian or other depository; and (iv) resigning as Custodian and engaging in a course of conduct, including any described in clauses (i) through (iii), outright and free of trust, if the Owner does not appoint a Custodian which immediately accepts transfer of all Proceeds, although nothing in this clause (iv) shall be interpreted to obligate the Custodian to resign before taking any course of conduct, including any described in clauses (i) through (iii).

In the event any agreement or understanding (other than this Custodial Account agreement) pursuant to which or in consideration of which the Custodian serves as custodian of the account is terminated (and is not renewed or replaced) and a successor custodian does not take custody of the account in connection with or following such termination, the Custodian, after not less than 30 days notice to the Owner or such other persons as the Custodian reasonably determines to be entitled to give instructions with respect to the account, may (i) take Any Reasonable Course Of Conduct with respect to any assets or property in the Custodial Account, any Proceeds or any asset or property previously subject to the operation of this section and still administered by the Custodian, and (ii) may reset custodial fees charged to and owed by the account owner to the Custodian to an amount equal to the costs of maintaining the Custodial Account.

The Custodian is authorized to pay or recover any costs and expenses associated with taking Any Reasonable Course of Conduct by utilizing the assets, property or Proceeds involved or by retaining a portion of such in a reserve and subsequently distributing any unused portion of the reserve. To offset administrative costs of the Custodian under any of the above described circumstances not otherwise recovered the Custodian shall be entitled to retain for its own account any incidental benefits earned in connection with taking Any Reasonable Course of Action, including "float", bank service credits or overnight investment earnings.

The Custodian shall not be liable for any action taken in reliance on this section, unless such liability is required by the Internal Revenue Code or regulations implementing the Internal Revenue Code, and the Owner expressly waives and releases the Custodian from all such liability. Without limiting the generality of the foregoing, in the event the Custodian makes a distribution from the Custodial Account to the persons it reasonably determines to be entitled to account distributions, the Owner and such persons shall bear sole responsibility for any taxes, fines, assessments penalties, levies, tariffs, or other liabilities or consequences of any nature arising or resulting from the distribution, including non-monetary liabilities or consequences, and for taking any actions following the distribution to avoid or mitigate any liabilities or consequences.

This section shall not be interpreted so as to impose any duty of any nature on the Custodian if any one or more of the events described in this section occurs, whether a duty to take or omit to take any act in particular, to place Proceeds in any particular asset or property, to take possession of Proceeds if possession is discretionary, to exercise discretionary investment authority over the Custodial Account, or to distribute Proceeds to the Owner. For purposes of clarification, it is the intention of this section to provide the Custodian with the broadest possible discretion permitted by law, including the discretion to hold Proceeds uninvested.

The Owner authorizes the Custodian to escheat or otherwise remit to appropriate jurisdictions in accordance with applicable abandoned property or other laws any assets or property in the Custodial Account, any Proceeds or any asset or property previously subject to the operation of this section and still administered or held by the Custodian, and to the extent any of the foregoing consists of anything other than cash, the Custodian may escheat or remit the non-cash asset, property or Proceeds or the cash resulting from a liquidation of such non-cash asset, property or Proceeds.

The Custodial Account Owner acknowledges and accepts the risks of owning the account as described in this section, including the investment risks and tax consequences of the Custodian taking Any Reasonable Course Of Conduct.

14. Change of Designated Beneficiary:

- (a) If elected in the Adoption Agreement, prior to the date that the Designated Beneficiary reaches the age of majority under applicable state law or otherwise lacks legal capacity, the Responsible Individual may at any time change the Designated Beneficiary for the Custodial Account to any family member of the original Designated Beneficiary under the age of 30 or direct the Custodian to roll over or transfer the funds in the Custodial Account to a Coverdell ESA of a family member of the original Designated Beneficiary under the age of 30. If elected in the Adoption Agreement, while in possession of legal capacity, the Designated Beneficiary may at any time change the Designated Beneficiary of the Custodial Account to a family member of the original Designated Beneficiary under the age of 30 or may at any time direct the Custodian to roll over or transfer the funds in the Custodial Account to a Coverdell ESA of any family member of the original Designated Beneficiary under the age of 30.
- (b) Any change of Designated Beneficiary under this Custodial Account Agreement complying with subsection (a) above shall not be treated as a distribution if the new Designated Beneficiary is a member of the family (as defined under Section 21.b below) and such new Designated Beneficiary has not attained the age of 30, as of the date of such change.
- (c) Notwithstanding any other provision of the Custodial Account agreement, a new Designated Beneficiary may be named within 30 days after the Designated Beneficiary attains the age of 30.

15. Designated Beneficiary's Minority or Incapacity: The following provisions apply while the Designated Beneficiary is a minor or lacks legal capacity:

- (a) The Responsible Individual shall have, to the exclusion of the Designated Beneficiary, all of the rights, powers, and responsibilities granted to the Designated Beneficiary under this Custodial Agreement.
- (b) In the event the Responsible Individual dies, becomes disabled, or otherwise fails or refuses to act and no successor Responsible Individual has been appointed, or no duly appointed Responsible Individual is willing or able to serve, then a parent of the Designated Beneficiary or the legal guardian or conservator of the estate of the Designated Beneficiary may appoint a Responsible Individual in writing on a form acceptable to and filed with the Custodian.

16. Designated Death Beneficiary: At any time after the opening of the Custodial Account, and notwithstanding the designation of one or more Designated Death Beneficiaries by the Depositor, the Responsible Individual shall be entitled to designate the Designated Death Beneficiaries of the Custodial Account on a form provided by and acceptable to the Custodian; provided, however, only Family Members of the original Designated Beneficiary who are under 30 years of age at the time of designation may be designated as Designated Death Beneficiaries. In the event of the Designated Beneficiary's death: (i) If a Designated Death

Beneficiary is under 30 years of age at the time of such death, such individual's interest in the Custodial Account shall become a Coverdell ESA of such individual; (ii) If no Designated Death Beneficiary designation is in effect at the time of death or if none of the Designated Death Beneficiaries survive the Designated Beneficiary, the balance of the Custodial Account will be paid to the estate of the Designated Beneficiary; and (iii) If any Designated Death Beneficiary is 30 years of age or older at the time of such death, the interest of such individual will be paid to the estate of the Designated Beneficiary. Special rules apply if a Designated Death Beneficiary is a "special needs" beneficiary.

17. **Nominee Registration:** The Custodian may hold all Eligible Assets in accounts registered to the Custodian or its nominee as record owner. Such record ownership shall not abridge or alter the beneficial ownership in the Custodial Account of the Designated Beneficiary.
18. **Termination:** The Custodial Account and the Custodial Agreement shall terminate at such time as the Custodian distributes all assets in the Custodial Account, except that terms necessary for the enforcement of rights that survive termination shall remain in effect for purposes of such enforcement.
19. **Agents:** The Custodian is authorized to hire agents to perform its duties under this agreement.
20. **Income Taxes:** The Custodian shall be responsible solely for the performance of those duties expressly assigned to it in this Agreement and by operation of law. In determining the taxable amount of a distribution, the Responsible Individual shall rely only on the federal tax records of the Designated Beneficiary.
21. **Certain Additional Definitions:** Certain capitalized terms used in this Custodial Agreement are defined on the first page of the Application Agreement. In addition, the following terms have the ascribed meaning:
 - (a) **"Account Party"** and **"Account Parties"** mean the Depositor, the Responsible Individual, the Designated Beneficiary, any Designated Death Beneficiary, any contributor to the Custodial Account subsequent to the Depositor, and the respective successors, heirs and assigns of each, including any executor or administrator, considered collectively, whether referred to in the singular or the plural.
 - (b) **"Family Members"** of the Designated Beneficiary include his or her spouse, child, grandchild, sibling, parent, niece or nephew, son-in-law, daughter-in-law, father-in-law, mother-in-law, brother-in-law, sister-in-law, first cousin and the spouse of any of the foregoing except first cousins.
 - (c) **"Sponsor"** means the affiliate of the Mutual Funds who caused or induced the Custodian by written agreement or otherwise to offer the Custodial Account to purchasers of the Mutual Funds.
22. **References to Responsible Individual:** References to "Responsible Individual" in this Custodial Agreement mean the individual designated as the Responsible Individual at the time then-relevant, regardless of whether the Responsible Individual is at that time also the Depositor, the Designated Beneficiary, a Designated Death Beneficiary or none of the foregoing.

PART IV

**COVERDELL EDUCATION SAVINGS ACCOUNT (COVERDELL ESA)
APPLICATION & ADOPTION AGREEMENT FORM**

RMB FUNDS

P.O. Box 9781

Providence, RI 02940-9781

1-800-462-2392

RESPONSIBLE INDIVIDUAL (Parent or legal guardian of the Designated Beneficiary. Only one Responsible Individual is allowed on the account at any given time.)

Name: _____

Street Address (required): _____

City: _____ State: _____ Zip: _____

Social Security Number: _____ Date of Birth: _____

Mailing Address (If different from street address): _____

City: _____ State: _____ Zip: _____

DESIGNATED BENEFICIARY

Name: _____

Street Address (required): _____

City: _____ State: _____ Zip: _____

Social Security Number: _____ Date of Birth: _____

CONTRIBUTOR (Individual establishing the account if different than Responsible Individual)

Name: _____

Street Address: _____

City: _____ State: _____ Zip: _____

Social Security Number: _____ Date of Birth: _____

*Under the terms of this agreement, the Designated Beneficiary automatically becomes the Responsible Individual upon attaining the age of majority (see Article V of the Custodial Agreement) and the Responsible Individual may designate an eligible family member of the original Designated Beneficiary as the new Designated Beneficiary, but certain restrictions apply (see Article VI and Article X, Section 14 of the Custodial Agreement).

INVESTMENT OPTIONS (Please check the type of contribution and indicate how to invest)

CONTRIBUTION FOR TAX YEAR: _____ (Must be under age 18, unless a special needs Designated Beneficiary)

Fund Name: _____ \$ _____ or _____ %

Fund Name: _____ \$ _____ or _____ %

ROLLOVER - This contribution is a Rollover Coverdell ESA, which has been completed within 60 days of receipt of the funds. These funds are from a Coverdell ESA established for the benefit of either the Designated Beneficiary named above, or another member of the Designated Beneficiary's family as described in IRS section 529(e)(2) who is under age 30. A completed "Certification of Rollover Assets" form must be attached.

Fund Name: _____ \$ _____ or _____ %

Fund Name: _____ \$ _____ or _____ %

TRANSFER OF ASSETS - The initial contribution to this account is a Transfer of Assets from a Coverdell ESA established for the benefit of the Designated Beneficiary named above or an eligible family member for which you are listed as the Responsible Individual authorized to act on the account. A completed "Transfer of Assets Form" providing your investment allocations must be attached.

DESIGNATED DEATH BENEFICIARY

I, the Contributor, designate the following family member of the Designated Beneficiary (must be under age 30 upon the death of the Designated Beneficiary) to receive any benefits to which the Designated Death Beneficiary may be entitled in the event of the death of the Designated Beneficiary. If the Designated Death Beneficiary predeceases the Designated Beneficiary or the Designated Death Beneficiary attains age 30 before the Designated Beneficiary's death, all assets will be paid to the estate of the Designated Beneficiary.

Name: _____ Relationship to Designated Beneficiary: _____

Street Address: _____

City: _____ State: _____ Zip code: _____

Social Security Number: _____ Date of Birth: _____

TERMS AND CONDITIONS

I (as Contributor, unless another party to the Application Form is noted in a particular case) hereby establish this Coverdell Education Savings Account for the benefit of the named Designated Beneficiary under the terms and conditions contained in this Application Form (which constitutes a binding agreement), including in particular but without limitation the terms and conditions of the Custodial Agreement. I agree that the Coverdell Account becomes effective only upon written acceptance by the Custodian and that such written acceptance will consist of a confirmation of transaction statement.

I agree that the Custodian may amend (add to, delete from or revise) any term of the agreement at any time by notice to me and that my sole remedy if I disagree with the amendment is to transfer funds in the Coverdell Account to another custodian.

Each contribution to the Coverdell Account will be invested in accordance with the written instructions provided with respect to that contribution. In the event that this is a rollover contribution, the undersigned hereby irrevocably elects to treat the contribution as a rollover contribution.

I acknowledge receiving and reading Parts I through V of the Application Agreement, which consists of the Application Instructions (Part I), the Disclosure Statement (Part II), the Custodial Agreement (Part III), the Application Form (Part IV) and the Privacy Policy (Part V) (terms are defined on first page of Application Agreement). I also acknowledge receiving and reading the current prospectus for each Mutual Fund I may have designated for investment.

Custodial Fees: \$20 annual maintenance fee per account. The annual maintenance fee may be paid by the Contributor or Responsible Individual at account opening or subsequently with respect to any calendar year. If the fee is not paid at account opening or if it is not paid by the date in a given calendar year that the Custodian sets for collection of the fee ("**Fee Collection Date**"), the Custodian is authorized to deduct the fee from the Custodial Account at the Fee Collection Date, or, if earlier in a given calendar year, the date the Custodial Account is closed. The Custodian reserves the right to change the custodial fee, but will give at least 30 days written notice to the Responsible Individual. The Custodian will keep records, identify and file returns and provide other information concerning the Custodial Account as required of custodians by any applicable provisions of the Code and IRS regulations.

Provision Regarding Involuntary Liquidations and Distributions: I have read Article X, Section 13 of the Custodial Agreement. I acknowledge that certain circumstances beyond the control of the Custodian may occur, which result in a liquidation of Mutual Funds in which the Custodial Account is invested or which result in the liquidation of holdings of the Custodial Account. I acknowledge that at Article X, Section 13 of the Custodial Agreement I have authorized the Custodian, following such occurrences, to act in its discretion with regard to the disposition of the liquidation proceeds if it does not receive clear instructions regarding the placement of the liquidation proceeds that it can practicably carry out, including distributing the liquidation proceeds to the Designated Beneficiary.

Certification If Designated Death Beneficiary Has Been Named: If I have named a Designated Death Beneficiary, the information I furnished in connection with that designation, including in particular but without limitation the Social Security Number, the date of birth and the relationship of the individual to the Designated Beneficiary, is true, correct and complete.

TIN Certification By Contributor and Responsible Individual: I certify under penalties of perjury that the Designated Beneficiary is a US person (including a US resident alien) and that the Social Security Numbers filled in on this Application Form for myself, the Responsible Individual and the Designated Beneficiary are true, correct and complete and that these numbers are the Taxpayer Identification Numbers of the respective individuals. *(Foreign persons must use the appropriate Form W-8.)*

Custodian's Customer Identification Program Statement: To help the U.S. government fight the funding of terrorism and money laundering activities, Federal law requires all financial institutions (such as the Custodian) to obtain, verify, and record information that identifies persons opening accounts. To comply, the Custodian requires the name, address, date of birth and government-issued identification number (generally, a Social Security Number) of the Contributor and the Responsible Individual (if the Responsible Individual is different from the Contributor) and other information that may help the Custodian to identify the Contributor and, if applicable, Responsible Individual. The Custodian may ask for copies of related documentation and the Custodian may consult third-party databases to help verify the identity of the Depositor and, if applicable, the Responsible Individual.

Contributor's Signature: _____ **Date:** _____

Responsible Individual's Signature: _____ **Date:** _____

Custodian: BNY Mellon Investment Servicing Trust Company, 4400 Computer Drive, Westborough, MA 01581.

Mail to the following:	First Class Mail: RMB Funds P.O. Box 9781 Providence, RI 02940-9781	Overnight Mail: RMB Funds 4400 Computer Drive Westborough, MA 01581 1-800-462-2392
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**RMB FUNDS COVERDELL EDUCATION SAVINGS ACCOUNT (COVERDELL ESA)
TRANSFER OF ASSETS FORM**

Use this form to request a Coverdell ESA transfer of assets from an existing Coverdell ESA to a Coverdell ESA at RMB Funds. Based on your instructions, BNY Mellon Investment Servicing Trust Company will initiate the transfer for you. Incomplete information will result in delays in processing your request. If you need assistance completing this form, please contact Shareholder Services at 1-800-462-2392.

RESPONSIBLE INDIVIDUAL (The parent or guardian of the Designated Beneficiary)

Name: _____

Street Address: _____

City: _____ State: _____ Zip: _____

Social Security Number: _____ Date of Birth: _____

DESIGNATED BENEFICIARY

Name: _____

Social Security Number: _____ Date of Birth: _____

COMPLETE IF TRANSFERRING FROM AN ELIGIBLE FAMILY MEMBER'S COVERDELL ESA (This option is only available if you are the Responsible Individual listed on the account.)

Family Members Name: _____ Relationship: _____

Social Security Number: _____ Date of Birth: _____

INVESTMENT INSTRUCTIONS (Complete items A and B)

A. I am opening a new account and have attached the required Coverdell ESA application.

Deposit the proceeds into an existing Coverdell ESA. Account Number: _____

B. Invest as follows:

Fund Name: _____ Dollar Amount \$ _____ or Percentage _____ %

Fund Name: _____ Dollar Amount \$ _____ or Percentage _____ %

Fund Name: _____ Dollar Amount \$ _____ or Percentage _____ %

Must equal 100%

TRANSFER AND AUTHORIZATION INSTRUCTIONS TO CURRENT CUSTODIAN

Please attach a copy of a recent statement, if possible. Note: The current custodian may require a Medallion Signature Guarantee to process the transfer request (Please see the Authorization section for an explanation of the Medallion Signature Guarantee).

Name of current custodian: _____

Address _____

City: _____ State: _____ Zip Code: _____

Contact name: _____ Telephone number: (_____) _____

Continued on next page.

1) Investment to transfer:

Account number:

Share class:

Liquidate Entire Account Partial Dollar Amount \$ _____ or # of Shares _____ Transfer In-Kind

For Certificate of Deposits: Immediately* At Maturity Date _____

2) Investment to transfer:

Account number:

Share class:

Liquidate Entire Account Partial Dollar Amount \$ _____ or # of Shares _____ Transfer In-Kind

For Certificate of Deposits: Immediately* At Maturity Date _____

***Note:** if you wish to have certificates of deposit transferred immediately and they have not matured, you may incur a redemption penalty. We cannot accept requests to convert certificates of deposit more than 60 days before their maturity.

AUTHORIZATION

I authorize the transfer of assets as noted above to a RMB Funds Coverdell ESA and authorize the current custodian, RMB Funds, and BNY Mellon Investment Servicing Trust Company to process this request on my behalf. I understand as the Responsible Individual, it is my responsibility to insure the prompt transfer of assets by the current custodian. I have read and understand all information on this form and hereby provide applicable authorization.

Signature of Responsible Individual:

Date:

Medallion Signature Guarantee Stamp and Signature (If required by your current custodian or transfer agent): An eligible guarantor is a domestic bank or trust company, securities broker/dealer, clearing agency or savings association that participates in a medallion program recognized by the Securities Transfer Agents Association. The three recognized medallion programs are the Securities Transfer Agents Medallion Program (known as STAMP), Stock Exchanges Medallion Program (SEMP), and the Medallion Signature Program (MSP). A notarization from a notary public is NOT an acceptable substitute for a signature guarantee.

Mail to the following:

First Class Mail:
RMB Funds
P.O. Box 9781
Providence, RI 02940-9781

Overnight Mail:
RMB Funds
4400 Computer Drive
Westborough, MA 01581
1-800-462-2392

RMB FUNDS COVERDELL EDUCATION SAVINGS ACCOUNT (ESA) CERTIFICATION OF ROLLOVER ASSETS

Use this form to certify the eligibility of a rollover contribution. Rules regarding rollovers and their tax implications are complex. Please refer to IRS Publication 970 or a professional tax advisor for more information.

RESPONSIBLE INDIVIDUAL (The parent or guardian of the Designated Beneficiary)

Name: _____

Street Address: _____

City: _____ State: _____ Zip: _____

Social Security Number: _____ Date of Birth: _____

DESIGNATED BENEFICIARY

Name: _____

Social Security Number: _____ Date of Birth: _____

Account Number: _____

ROLLOVER INVESTMENT

- 60 Day Rollover – (Coverdell ESA in the same Designated Beneficiary’s name)** This is a distribution of all or part of the account balance from another Coverdell ESA that was registered to the same Designated Beneficiary and is being rolled over within 60 days of receipt.
- 60 Day Rollover – (Eligible Family Member’s Coverdell ESA)** This is a distribution of all or part of the account balance from a Coverdell ESA that was held in another family member’s name and is being rolled over within 60 days of receipt.

CERTIFICATION

I, as the Responsible Individual for the above referenced account, certify the following statements are true and correct:

The investment is an eligible Coverdell ESA rollover contribution that is being rolled over

- 1) Within the required timeframe, and
- 2) Includes only Coverdell ESA eligible assets, and
- 3) Is from another Coverdell ESA account in which the above-named Designated Beneficiary was either the original Designated Beneficiary or was an eligible family member of the Designated Beneficiary.

The property received from the distributing Coverdell ESA is the same property that is being rolled over into this Coverdell ESA.

I understand that this rollover contribution is irrevocable. I agree that I, as the Responsible Individual, am solely responsible for all tax consequences of this rollover contribution. I also agree that neither the Custodian nor RMB Funds shall have responsibility for any such tax consequences or any consequences resulting from this amount being ineligible for rollover.

I have read, understand, and agree to be legally bound by the terms of this form. I also understand that the Custodian will rely on this form when accepting this rollover contribution.

Responsible Individual’s Signature: _____ **Date:** _____

Mail to the following:

First Class Mail:
RMB Funds
P.O. Box 9781
Providence, RI 02940-9781

Overnight Mail:
RMB Funds
4400 Computer Drive
Westborough, MA 01581
1-800-462-2392

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**RMB FUNDS COVERDELL EDUCATION SAVINGS ACCOUNT (COVERDELL ESA)
WITHDRAWAL AUTHORIZATION FORM**

Note: For trustee to trustee transfers, please complete the appropriate receiving custodian's trustee to trustee transfer form. All required documentation must be received in good order before the withdrawal request can be honored. All legal documents must be certified and a Medallion Signature Guarantee may be required. Please see the Signature section for an explanation of the Medallion Signature Guarantee.

RESPONSIBLE INDIVIDUAL (Generally, the parent or legal guardian of the Designated Beneficiary unless the Designated Beneficiary is of legal age for their state of residence, see Designated Beneficiary below.)

Name: _____

Address: _____

City: _____ State: _____ Zip: _____

DESIGNATED BENEFICIARY (**Important Information:** Under the terms of the BNY Mellon Investment Servicing Trust Company Coverdell ESA Custodial Agreement, if the Designated Beneficiary is of legal age (based on the state of residence) they acquire the role of Responsible Individual (*excluding Special Needs Designated Beneficiary's*). As such, they must sign this Coverdell ESA Withdrawal Request Form. In addition, they must complete, sign and enclose with this form a copy of IRS Form W-9. **Note:** To request a change of address include a Medallion Signature Guaranteed letter of instruction signed by the Responsible Individual providing the new address. Upon receipt of the required documentation the Custodian will remove the former Responsible Individual from the account registration.)

Name: _____

Social Security Number: _____ Date of Birth: _____

Account Number: _____

DISTRIBUTION REASON

Qualified Distribution - Is Being Used for Qualified Education Expenses:

The distribution from this account is being used for qualified education expenses of the Designated Beneficiary.

Non-Qualified Distribution - Is Not Being Used for Education Expenses:

- 1. This distribution is not being used for qualified education expenses and none of the other reasons listed below apply.
- 2. Permanent disability of the Designated Beneficiary (within the meaning of section 72(m)(7) of the Internal Revenue Code).
- 3. Removal of excess contribution plus earnings before the tax-filing deadline. In which tax year was the contribution made? _____
Is the contribution plus earnings being removed in the same year? Yes No
- 4. Liquidation of the account for the Designated Beneficiary has attained age 30.
- 5. Transfer incident to divorce or legal separation - attach a Medallion Signature Guarantee letter of instruction indicating how the proceeds are to be distributed.
- 6. The Coverdell ESA is being rolled over to a Coverdell ESA for another eligible family member. Attached is either 1) a Medallion Signature Guarantee letter of instruction indicating how the proceeds are to be delivered, or 2) a new RMB Funds Coverdell ESA account application.
- 7. Death - the Responsible Individual or representative of the Designated Beneficiary's estate must furnish a certified copy of the death certificate and select from the following options (**A, B, or C**) below.
 - A. Distribute assets payable to the estate of the Designated Beneficiary following the mailing instructions on page 2.

Estate's Tax Identification Number: _____

B. Distribute assets in cash payable to the named Designated Death Beneficiary following the mailing instructions on page 2.

Beneficiary's Name: _____ Social Security Number: _____

Continued on next page.

- C. The Coverdell ESA is being rolled over to a Coverdell ESA for an eligible family member who is under the age of 30.
 Coverdell ESA Recipient's Name: _____
- Attached is a new RMB Funds Coverdell ESA account application indicating a rollover contribution investment.
- Deposit as a rollover into an existing Coverdell ESA at RMB Funds. Account Number: _____.
- Issue proceeds to a Coverdell ESA in the recipient's name at another institution following the mailing instructions below.

DISTRIBUTION METHOD (Complete A, B and C)

A. Choose one: Total Liquidation **(or)** Partial Distribution - Amount: \$ _____ (or) _____ Shares

B. Distribute from:

Fund: _____ Dollar Amount \$ _____ or _____ %

Fund: _____ Dollar Amount \$ _____ or _____ %

C. Mailing Instructions:

- Mail to the Designated Beneficiary's address of record** – Check will be made payable to the Designated Beneficiary (or to their estate in case of death distribution).
- Mail to the following address** - (Medallion Signature Guarantee required if address is not already on file.)

Attention: _____ For the Benefit of: _____

Street: _____ City: _____ State: _____ Zip: _____

- Transfer funds electronically via ACH*: (voided check required) (or)** **Mail check to*:**

Name of Institution: _____

For the Benefit of: _____

Address: _____

Routing and Account Number: _____

*Medallion Signature Guarantee is required and may be obtained at your local bank or trust company, securities broker/dealer, clearing agency or savings association.

*The receiving bank account must include your, or the Designated Beneficiary's, name in the account registration.

SIGNATURE

I certify that I am authorized to make these elections and that all information provided is true and accurate. I further certify that the Custodian, the RMB Funds, or any agent of either of them has given no tax or legal advice to me, and that all decisions regarding the elections made on this form are my own. The Custodian is hereby authorized and directed to distribute funds from the account in the manner requested. The Custodian may conclusively rely on this certification and authorization without further investigation or inquiry. I expressly assume responsibility for any adverse consequences which may arise from the election(s) and agree that the Custodian, RMB Funds, and their agents shall in no way be responsible, and shall be indemnified and held harmless, for any tax, legal or other consequences of the election(s) made on this form.

Signature of Responsible Individual*: _____ **Date:** _____

*Designated Beneficiary (if legal adult)

Mail to the following:

First Class Mail:
 RMB Funds
 P.O. Box 9781
 Providence, RI 02940-9781

Overnight Mail:
 RMB Funds
 4400 Computer Drive
 Westborough, MA 01581
 1-800-462-2392

Medallion Signature Guarantee Stamp and Signature (If required by your current custodian or transfer agent): An eligible guarantor is a domestic bank or trust company, securities broker/dealer, clearing agency or savings association that participates in a medallion program recognized by the Securities Transfer Agents Association. The three recognized medallion programs are the Securities Transfer Agents Medallion Program (known as STAMP), Stock Exchanges Medallion Program (SEMP), and the Medallion Signature Program (MSP). A notarization from a notary public is NOT an acceptable substitute for a signature guarantee.

Medallion Signature Guarantee Stamp

FACTS	WHAT DOES BNY MELLON INVESTMENT SERVICING TRUST COMPANY DO WITH YOUR PERSONAL INFORMATION?	
Why?	<p>Financial companies choose how they share your personal information. Federal law gives consumers the right to limit some but not all sharing. Federal law also requires us to tell you how we collect, share, and protect your personal information.</p> <p>Please read this notice carefully to understand what we do.</p>	
What?	<p>The types of personal information we collect and share depend on the product or service you have with us. This information can include:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Social Security number • Account balances • Transaction history • Account transactions • Retirement assets <p>When you are no longer our customer, we continue to share your information as described in this notice.</p>	
How?	<p>All financial companies need to share customers' personal information to run their everyday business. In the section below, we list the reasons financial companies can share their customers' personal information; the reasons BNY Mellon Investment Servicing Trust Company chooses to share; and whether you can limit this sharing.</p>	
Reasons we can share your personal information	Does BNY Mellon Investment Servicing Trust Company share?	Can you limit this sharing?
For our everyday business purposes—such as to process your transactions, maintain your account(s), respond to court orders and legal investigations, or report to credit bureaus	Yes	No
For our marketing purposes—to offer our products and services to you	No	No
For joint marketing with other financial companies	No	No
For our affiliates' everyday business purposes—information about your transactions and experiences	Yes	No
For our affiliates' everyday business purposes—information about your creditworthiness	No	No
For our affiliates to market to you	No	No
For nonaffiliates to market to you	No	No
Questions?	Call 855-649-0623	

Who we are

Who is providing this notice?	BNY Mellon Investment Servicing Trust Company, custodian for self-directed savings and retirement accounts, such as Individual Retirement Accounts, Qualified Plans and 403(b)(7) Plans, and for mutual fund Wrap Product and Global Cash Portal accounts
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What we do

How does BNY Mellon Investment Servicing Trust Company protect my personal information?	To protect your personal information from unauthorized access and use, we use security measures that comply with federal law. These measures include computer safeguards and secured files and buildings.
How does BNY Mellon Investment Servicing Trust Company collect my personal information?	<p>We collect your personal information, for example, when you</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Open an account or deposit funds • Make deposits or withdrawals from your account • Provide account information • Give us your contact information • Show your government-issued ID <p>We also collect your personal information from affiliates or other companies.</p>
Why can't I limit all sharing?	<p>Federal law gives you the right to limit only</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Sharing for affiliates' everyday business purposes—information about your creditworthiness • Affiliates from using your information to market to you • Sharing for nonaffiliates to market to you <p>State laws and individual companies may give you additional rights to limit sharing.</p>

Definitions

Affiliates	Companies related by common ownership or control. They can be financial and nonfinancial companies.
Nonaffiliates	<p>Companies not related by common ownership or control. They can be financial and nonfinancial companies.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • BNY Mellon Investment Servicing Trust Company does not share information with nonaffiliates so they can market to you.
Joint marketing	<p>A formal agreement between nonaffiliated financial companies that together market financial products or services to you.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • BNY Mellon Investment Servicing Trust Company doesn't jointly market.

Other important information

This notice applies to individual consumers who are customers or former customers. This notice replaces all previous notices of our consumer privacy policy, and may be amended at any time. We will keep you informed of changes or amendments as required by law.