



Portfolio Update: Third Quarter 2024

During the quarter ending September 30, 2024, the RMB SMID Cap Fund (the "Fund" or "RMBMX") returned +8.54%, net of fees, compared to a +8.75% return for the benchmark Russell 2500[®] Index, while the broad market Russell 3000[®] Index returned +6.23%.

	Quarter	YTD	1 Year	3 Years	5 Years	10 Years	Since Inception (12/31/2004)
RMBMX (net of fees)	+8.54%	+12.96%	+27.04%	+5.15%	+12.79%	+10.90%	+9.10%
Russell 2500 [®] Index	+8.75%	+11.30%	+26.17%	+3.47%	+10.43%	+9.50%	+8.87%
Russell 3000 [®] Index	+6.23%	+20.63%	+35.19%	+10.29%	+15.26%	+12.83%	+10.21%

Performance listed is as of September 30, 2024. Performance over one year is annualized. The performance data quoted represents past performance and is not a guarantee of future results. The investment return and principal value of an investment will fluctuate, so that those shares, when redeemed, may be worth more or less than their original cost. Current performance may be lower or higher than the data quoted. To obtain performance as of the most recent month end, please call 855-280-6423. The Fund's gross expense ratio is 1.06%.

The Fund's investment advisor, Curi RMB Capital, LLC, has adapted a contractual expense limitation agreement for each fund through April 30, 2025, reducing the applicable Fund's operating expenses. This may be continued from year to year thereafter if agreed upon by all parties. In the absence of such waivers and/or reimbursements, the applicable Fund's total return and yield would be lower.

The third quarter of 2024 saw a significant shift in market dynamics, with small-cap stocks outperforming their large-cap counterparts by over 300 basis points. This outcome supported our previous quarter's outlook section, "Benign Inflation Scenario: A Catalyst for market broadening and small cap outperformance." The "benign inflation" catalyst arrived on July 11th, when the CPI inflation report showed a decline for the first time since May 2020, igniting a risk-on rally. In the subsequent eleven days, small-caps surged ahead, outpacing large-caps by an impressive 13%.

However, the quarter was marked by substantial volatility. The VIX¹ fluctuated between 11 and 65, driving performance swings for the Russell 2000^{*} Index from +14% to -14% within the quarter. A pivotal moment occurred on July 28th when the Bank of Japan unexpectedly raised interest rates by 25 basis points, triggering a global "margin call" causing highly leveraged investors to unwind yen carry trades. This event spiked the VIX to 65 and triggered small-cap stocks to decline 14%.

By the end of July, as earnings season progressed, stocks gradually regained ground as companies generally reported stronger-than-anticipated fundamentals.

The quarter's most significant development came on September 18th, when Federal Reserve Chairman Powell announced a 50 basis point cut in the Fed Funds rate. This decision marked the beginning of a new rate-cutting cycle and reduced the probability of a recession, potentially setting the stage for favorable market conditions, especially for small and mid caps, in the coming quarters.

As a more quality biased portfolio, the Fund typically lags in strong "risk-on" markets. However, strong quarterly results from our larger position sizes helped the portfolio power through this headwind and keep pace in a strong "risk-on" market.

The best performing sectors were Technology, Materials, Financials, and Consumer Discretionary.. Energy declined as oil fell from the mid \$87per bbl to \$72 per bbl.

¹ Chicago Board Options Exchange Volatility Index (VIX), is a real-time index that measures the stock market's expected volatility over the next 30 days.



Contributors and Detractors

Contributors benefited from a combination of better-thanexpected company specific execution, as well as positive tailwinds from anticipated lower interest rates.

Fair Issac Corp. (FICO) benefited from Fed rate cuts that drive declining mortgage rates, which is a huge boost for its mortgage business. FICO's current mortgage inquiry volumes still run at just half of the level that they averaged in 2015-2019, which is meaningful room for upside. The anticipated score pricing increase will drive further upsides. It is a quiet quarter for the software business, but we continue to believe our thesis is nicely playing out as FICO is transforming into a more dynamic growth company by reinvesting into the software business.

Eagle Materials Inc. (EXP) had a nice recovery during the quarter driven by the improving cyclical trend. More specifically, its wallboard business started to see stabilizing volumes and improving pricings driven by the anticipated housing market rebound, as mortgage rates started to decline. The cement business remained resilient, evidenced by a sold-out condition and stronger pricings. Most importantly, EXP's industry-leading cost structure enabled them to defend the wallboard margin efficiently during the downcycle, which is a key idiosyncratic milestone of our investment thesis. We maintain the high conviction rating on the company despite the recent stock run.

NVR Inc. (NVR) is a premier quality homebuilder with a unique asset light value creation business model. It sells homes before construction and drives above average return on investment (ROI) with less volatility. The secular housing shortage positions NVR's value creation to accelerate as interest rates come down and bring more buyers to the market.

Portfolio detractors experienced headwinds from falling energy prices or reported disappointing company specific results.

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THIRD QUARTER 2024 CONTRIBUTION REPORT *Ranked by Basis Point Contribution*

	Basis Point Contribution	Return
Top Contributors		
Fair Isaac Corp.	+164	+30.46%
Eagle Materials Inc.	+100	+32.40%
Pinnacle Financial Partners Inc.	+76	+22.71%
NVR Inc.	+63	+29.30%
Monolithic Power Systems Inc.	+59	+12.73%
Bottom Detractors		
Devon Energy Corp.	-41	-16.55%
West Pharmaceutical Services Inc	28	-8.81%
Diamondback Energy Inc.	-26	-12.86%
Copart Inc.	-18	-3.25%
MKS Instruments Inc.	-17	-16.59%

The performance presented above is sourced through Factset Research Systems Inc. Past performance is not indicative of future results, and there is a risk of loss of all or part of your investment. The above does not represent all holdings in the Fund. Holdings listed might not have been held for the full period. To obtain a copy of our calculation methodology and a list of all holdings with contribution analysis, please contact your service team. The data provided is supplemental. Please see important disclosures at the end of this document.

Devon Energy Corp.'s (DVN) stock was a relative underperformer during the quarter, largely due to weaker oil prices that fell approximately 16% due to recession concerns (both domestically and in China) and fears that OPEC may raise production. After a rough 2023 as management was working through some inefficiencies, 2024 has been much better with two quarters of strong results and raised guidance. Importantly, this has been driven by continued improved efficiencies. Management continues to focus on shareholder returns (70% of FCF going toward dividends and repurchases) but is also looking at incremental bolt-on mergers and acquisitions. DVN continues to be a core oil earnings and profits holding.

West Pharmaceutical Services Inc. (WST) was an underperformer during the quarter, largely due to a miss and lowered guidance in the quarter as a result of customer de-stocking, as customers move toward more normalized safety stock levels as WST's lead times have moved from 50 weeks to 8 weeks. While the driver is not surprising, the magnitude is as management expressed confidence in the guidance coming out of the 1Q beat. The commentary was largely positive (QoQ revenue growth, YoY growth expected in 4Q and 2025 based on confirmed order book, expanding capacity to meet demand, coverage ratio improving, strong end markets driven by biologics, GLP-1 and increased regulations). However, investors remain skeptical of the visibility / timing of the recovery. We have confidence in management execution and competitive positioning going forward.

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Portfolio Activity

As long-term business owners, turnover is typically low. However, we took advantage of the froth in AI to trim some larger positions in technology including Monolithic Power Systems Inc. (MPWR), Fair Isaac Corp. (FICO) and PTC Inc (PTC). We sold to zero Caribou Biosciences Inc. (CRBU) because we determined it was progressing toward our negative investment thesis.

We initiated a new position in Vaxcyte Inc. (PCVX) which is potentially disrupting the vaccine market with its XpressCF cell-free protein synthesis platform.

Outlook

In last quarter's outlook we noted "Interest rates may emerge as the pivotal factor likely to shape investment returns for the remainder of the year...and a shift towards lower rates could usher in exciting opportunities for investors in smaller cap companies." We also noted that "benign inflation" could mark a turning point from large to smaller cap market leadership. While it is way too early to take a victory lap, we are pleased to see strength in relative performance of smaller cap vs. larger cap this quarter.

As a reminder markets exist to price risk not to deliver returns. Investor returns are simply the "risks you take that work minus the risk you take that do not work." Small cap indices have different risks than larger cap indices. Small caps have more credit and liquidity risk. They also have different factor risk with greater exposure to biotech, housing, domestic manufacturing, regional banks, and real estate. Smaller cap indices have less exposure to idiosyncratic risks, such as the "Mag 7" stocks²

So, while we cannot know for sure if the long-awaited outperformance for small caps has begun, conditions are in place if the new rate cutting cycle benefits banks, real estate, housing, and strengthens the domestic economy relative to the global economy.



Exhibit 1. Ratio of Russell 2000° vs. S&P 100: 1979 - 2024

Source: Bespoke Research. Note: Red line indicates start and end points.

² The "Magnificent 7" refers to the following stocks: Apple Inc. (AAPL), Microsoft Corp. (MSFT), Alphabet Inc. (GOOG), Amazon.com Inc. (AMZN), Tesla Inc. (TSLA), Meta Platforms Inc. (META), and NVIDIA Corp. (NVDA).



We do not typically address politics in the outlook, but we cannot ignore that we have an election coming up in November. Most likely we will end up with another "divided government" no matter who is elected president. Not a lot gets done, which is frankly a good thing for markets. However, the president can execute executive orders without congressional approval. If Trump is elected, we would expect more executive orders that benefit industries where regulations slow progress. We would expect more mergers in banking, approval for "free to choose" options that benefit biotech, less red tape for real estate, housing, and bitcoin. These beneficiaries tend to be more prevalent on a capitalization weighted basis within smaller cap indices. Tariffs may favor steel and other domestic manufacturing also more prevalent in smaller cap indices. Additionally, Trump's VP pick, Vance, with a private equity background, favors smaller tech companies who often do not achieve their potential because they get squashed or bought by mega-cap tech companies. There may be pressure on big tech from a second Trump administration also favoring small relative to large. Harris' executive order list is not as clear as it relates to the direct impact on businesses, but it is fair to assume it would resemble the status quo. We wouldn't be surprised to see smaller cap indices outperform large caps with a Trump victory and underperform with a Harris victory.

We are better at adapting than forecasting because we are mindful of Jame's Montier's advice, "If you don't know what is going to happen, don't structure your portfolio like you do." Confession: We don't know. The portfolio structure is efficiently diversified across sector and lifecycle because we have no idea what is going to happen. The portfolio is structured this way precisely to potentially improve the odds of outperforming across most of the likely scenarios, but also to potentially protect against unforecastable shocks, so that company specific value creation is the primary driver of excess return over the long-term.

We believe that by owning what we believe to be the best allocators of capital with skilled management teams that demonstrate knowledge building cultures, adaptability, and capital allocation consistent with long-term value creation, we believe we can own a portfolio of smaller companies that will grow to become larger companies, thereby providing our investors attractive long-term risk adjusted returns.

Thank you for your commitment to the Fund. Should you have any questions regarding your investment, please do not hesitate to contact us.

Sincerely,

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Chris Faber Portfolio Manager



TOP 10 HOLDINGS AS OF 9/30/24	
Company	% of Assets
Fair Isaac Corp.	5.93%
Monolithic Power Systems Inc.	4.19%
Copart Inc.	4.14%
Watsco Inc.	4.06%
Pinnacle Financial Partners Inc.	3.72%
Eagle Materials Inc.	3.70%
Carlisle Companies Inc.	3.56%
Avery Dennison Corp.	3.10%
Tyler Technologies Inc.	3.01%
PTC Inc.	2.54%

Holdings are subject to change. The above is a list of all securities that composed 37.96% of holdings managed as of 9/30/24 under the RMB Small Cap Fund ("Fund") of Curi RMB Capital, LLC ("Curi RMB Capital") based on the aggregate dollar value. This list is provided for informational purposes only and may or may not represent the current securities managed. It does not represent all of the securities purchased, sold, or recommended for advisory clients (under the Fund or otherwise) during the calendar quarter ending 9/30/24. The reader should not assume that investments in the securities identified and discussed were or will be profitable. For a complete list of historical recommendation for the Fund, please contact RMB Investors Trust at 855-280-6423.

RMB SMID Cap Fund



The opinions and analyses expressed in this letter are based on Curi RMB Capital, LLC's ("Curi RMB Capital") research and professional experience are expressed as of the date of our mailing of this letter. Certain information expressed represents an assessment at a specific point in time and is not intended to be a forecast or guarantee of future performance, nor is it intended to speak to any future time periods. Curi RMB Capital makes no warranty or representation, express or implied, nor does Curi RMB Capital accept any liability, with respect to the information and data set forth herein, and Curi RMB Capital specifically disclaims any duty to update any of the information and data contained in this letter. The information and data in this newsletter does not constitute legal, tax, accounting, investment or other professional advice. Past performance is not indicative of future results, and there is a risk of loss of all or party of your investment. This information is confidential and may not be reproduced or redistributed to any other part without the permission of Curi RMB Capital.

RMB Asset Management is a division of Curi RMB Capital.

Diversification does not assure a profit or protect against a loss in a declining market.

An investment cannot be made directly in an index. The index data assumes reinvestment of all income and does not bear fees, taxes or transaction costs. The investment strategy and types of securities held by the comparison index may be substantially different from the investment strategy and types of securities held by the comparison index may be substantially different from the investment strategy and types of securities held by the comparison index may be substantially different from the investment strategy and types of securities held by your account. The Russell 2500[®] Index measures the performance of the 2,500 smallest companies in the Russell 3000[®] Index. The Russell 3000[®] Index is a capitalization-weighted stock market index that seeks to be a benchmark of the entire U.S. stock market. The index does not reflect investment management fees, brokerage commissions, or other expenses associated with investing in equity securities.

Basis Point (bps): A unit that is equal to 1/100th of 1% and is used to denote the change in a financial instrument.

The Volatility Index or VIX is the annualized implied volatility of a hypothetical S&P 500 stock option with 30 days to expiration. The price of this option is based on the prices of near-term S&P 500 options traded on CBOE Options Exchange, formerly known as the Chicago Board Options Exchange (CBOE), is the world's largest options exchange.

The Russell 1000[®] Index is a U.S. stock market index that tracks the highest-ranking 1,000 stocks in the Russell 3000 Index, which represent about 93% of the total market capitalization of that index.

The S&P 100 Index is a stock market index of United States stocks maintained by Standard & Poor's. Index options on the S&P 100 are traded with the ticker symbol "OEX".

Life Cycle Stages

Rockets: These are hyper-growth, early-stage companies which consume a lot of capital as they try to execute their business model. Typically, they are innovative with new products, new services, or new business processes that may threaten the status quo of existing larger companies. Upside potential may be huge, but so is downside risk. Volatility is high, and results are often binary.

Golden Goodies: These are Rockets that have survived and proven that they have viable long-term business models. They have historically tended to grow faster than the overall market and need to beat the fade in returns by continuing to fend off competitive threats. These have a history of being classic asset compounders and will continue to create wealth for as long as they can beat that fade.

Falling Angels: These are Golden Goodies whose growth rates have slowed because they have become so large or their economic returns have been falling because of competitive threats or an inability to find reinvestment opportunities at current high rates of return.

Corks: These are mature companies where the economic returns approximate the cost of capital. Asset growth does not add or destroy value, so improving the level of economic return is critical to their success.

Turn Arounds: These distressed companies are the victims of overcapacity, weak competitive position, or poor capital allocation. In order to be successful, they must divest the lower return segments of their overall business.

Investors should consider the investment objectives, risks, charges and expenses carefully before investing. For complete information about the Fund, including a free prospectus, please contact RMB Investors Trust at 855-280-6423, or visit the website at www.rmbfunds.com. The prospectus contains important information about the funds, including investment objectives, risks, management fees, sales charges, and other expenses, which you should consider carefully before you invest or send money.

All investing involves risk including the possible loss of principal. There can be no assurance that the Fund will achieve its investment objective. Investments in smaller companies involve additional risks such as limited liquidity and greater volatility. Incorporation of Environmental, Social, and Governance (ESG) factors into the Fund's investment process may cause the Fund to make different investments and have different investment performance and exposures to different issuers and industries than funds that do not incorporate ESG considerations.

Small-Capitalization Companies Risk – Historically, stocks of small-capitalization companies and recently organized companies have been more volatile in price than those of the larger market capitalization companies. Among the reasons for the greater price volatility is the lower degree of liquidity in the markets for such securities, which may make these securities difficult to value and to sell. As a result, some of the Fund's small cap holdings may be considered or become illiquid. Such companies also may have limited product lines and financial resources and may depend upon a limited or less experienced management group.

Foreside Fund Services, LLC, Distributor